

Heating circuit distribution bar steel/stainless steel - up to 70 kW

Technical data for installation and operation

**GB** 



# EZ

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# 1. Safety instructions

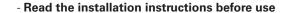
#### Please follow these safety instructions carefully to prevent hazards, injury to people and material damage.

The installation, initial start-up, inspection, maintenance and servicing may only be performed by an approved, specialist company. Before starting work please familiarise yourself with all the parts and their handling. Observe the applicable accident prevention regulations, environmental regulations and legislation for the assembly, installation and operation of the system. In addition, observe the applicable safety provisions of the DIN, EN, EVGW, VDI and VDE and all relevant country-specific standards, laws and guidelines.

#### When working on the system (in general):

Disconnect the heating system from the mains and monitor it to ensure that no voltage is being supplied (e.g. at the separate cut-out or a main switch). Secure the system against being restarted. (With gas-fuelled systems, close the gas shut-off valve and secure it to prevent it being opened accidentally.) Repairs to components with a safety function are not permitted.







- Risk of being cut



- Risk of crushing





- Risk of electrical voltage

- Risk of high temperatures



# 2. Heating circuit distribution bar (steel)

### **Product examples:**



Art. 66301.2 (up to 3 heating circuits)



Art. 66301.3 (up to 5 heating circuits)



Art. 66301.4 (up to 7 heating circuits)



Art. 66337.3 (wall bracket)

# 2.1 Intended use

Distribution bar for use in heating systems to assemble up to 7 heating circuit pump groups 3/4", 1" or 1 1/4" and a Boiler Guard K including EPP insulation. Wall bracket (Art. No 66337.3) optional.

# 2.2 Connections

Heat generator (upper) : Union nut 1 1/2" internal thread

Heat generator (lower)  $: 2 \times \text{half-shell technology 1 1/2}^{"}$  external threat for boiler connection,

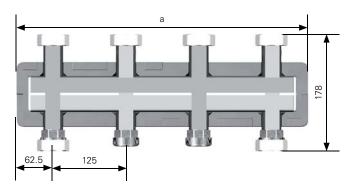
other connections closed with caps

Axial distance : 125 mm

#### Please note:

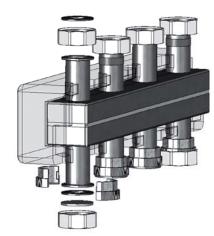
The flange-/half-shell technology of the lower outlets makes a variety of connection configurations possible. They can be arranged either centrally or eccentrically. The free lower connections can be used for additional heating circuits (e.g. filling the tank).

**Supply/return configuration:** Always hydraulically connect the opposite pipe connections (upper/lower) to one another!



**Output** : max. 70 kW. ΔT=20 K

Max. permissible temperature : 110°C Max. permissible pressure : 6 bar





# 2. Heating circuit distribution bar (steel)

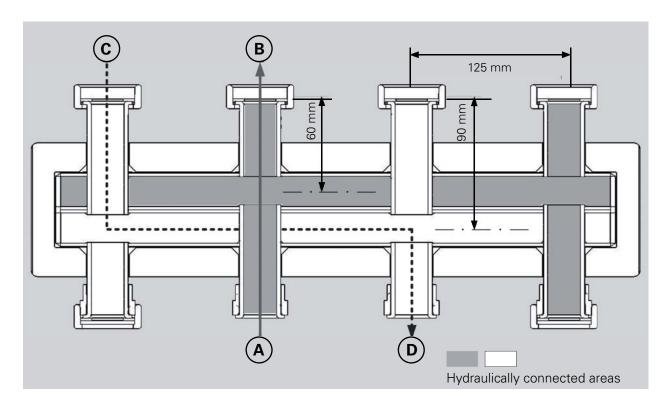
# 2.3 Dimensions (in mm)

Model	Height (flange/flange)	a = Width (including ISO)	Depth (including ISO)
Up to 3 heating circuits	178	500	135
Up to 5 heating circuits	178	750	135
Up to 7 heating circuits	178	1000	135

# 2.4 Pressure loss calculation

#### Art. No. 66301.2, 66301.3, 66301.4

The pressure loss of the distribution bar is calculated from the flow of the heating circuit to be supplied and the sum of the pressure losses of the flows through the sections of the distribution bar (supply and return sections). It is calculated separately for each heating circuit. If sections are used by several heating circuits, the sum of the flows must be taken into account.



# Example of a pressure loss calculation:

Sections =A/B and C/D at 2000 l/h:

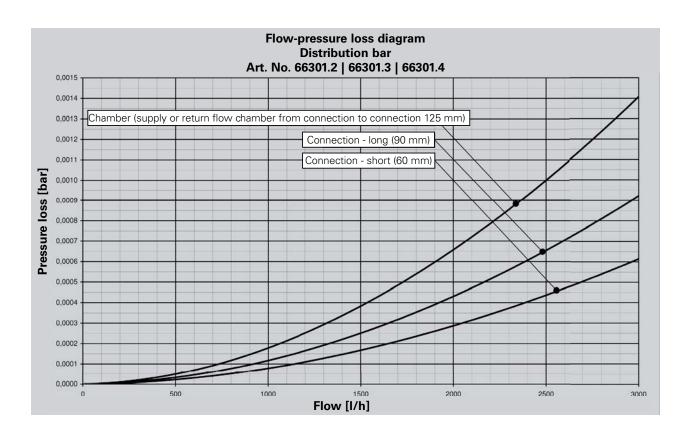
Pressure loss=A/B + C/D =  $(1 \times 90 \text{ mm} + 1 \times 60 \text{ mm}) + (1 \times 90 \text{ mm} + 2 \times 125 \text{mm} + 1 \times 60 \text{ mm})$ 

 $= (1 \times 0.00044 + 1 \times 0.00029) + (1 \times 0.00044 + 2 \times 0.00066 + 1 \times 0.00029)$  [bar]

= 0.00278bar



# 2. Heating circuit distribution bar (steel)



# 2.5 Number of heating circuits

Article number	All heating circuits	Heating circuits upward	Heating circuits down- ward
66301.2	For up to 3 heating circuits	2	1
66301.3	For up to 5 heating circuits	3	2
66301.4	For up to 7 heating circuits	4	3

#### Note:

Depending on the connection configuration, it is possible to change the position of the supply and return flow.



# 3. Heating circuit distribution bar (stainless steel)

# 3.1 Intended use

Thermally separated supply and return, complete with EPS insulation, with the necessary threaded joints and connectors, for outputs up to 70 kW (for dT = 20 K), max. permissible temperature: 110°C, max. permissible pressure: 6 bar

# 3.2 Connections

Heat generator (upper) : Union nut 1 1/2" internal thread

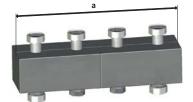
Heat generator (lower) : 2 x half-shell technology 1 1/2" external threat for boiler connection,

other connections closed with caps

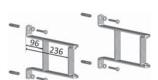
Axial distance : 125 mm Height of insulation : 110 mm

# 3.3 Dimensions

Art. 66306.1 D (shown), Art. 66301.41 D



Art. 66337.3 Wall bracket incl. fasteners



#### **Dimensions (in mm)**

Model for up to 3 heating circuits	Height (flange/flange)	a = Width (including ISO)	Depth (including ISO)
	185	500	135
	185	775	135

## 3.4 Pressure loss calculation

Cross-section illustrating the configuration of the hydraulic connections: each of the opposing pipes and every second pair of pipes are connected to one another.



For an example of a pressure loss calculation, see chapter 2.4

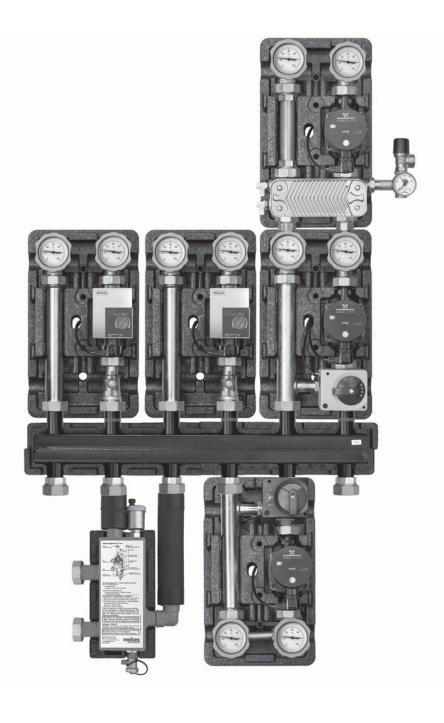
# 3.5 Number of heating circuits

Article number	All heating circuits	Heating circuits upward	Heating circuits down- ward
66306.1 D	For up to 3 heating circuits	2	1
66301.41 D	For up to 3 heating circuits	3	-



# 4. Installation example with pump groups

Heating circuit distribution bar (steel) with 3 heating circuits (a separation system), Boiler Guard K and return flow booster.





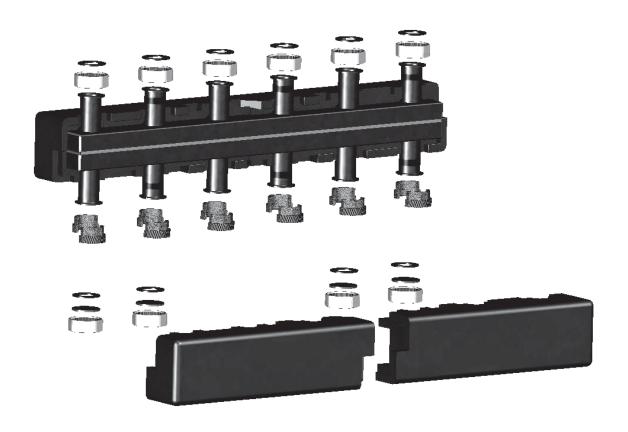


Effiziente Energietechnik

# Manifold Generation 7



# Datasheet and installation instructions



#### 1. Product purpose

- 1.1. Manifold Generation 7 are designed for the distribution of the coolant coming from the heater (boiler), between circuits. Without confusion between the feed lines and return lines.
- 1.2 There are modifications to the 2 (3), 3 (5), 4 (7) outputs to the contours of the consumers of black steel. And 2 (3) 3 consumer circuits stainless steel. In parentheses is the number of circuits involved in view of the lower connections.

#### 2. Specifications

Distribution manifolds with full thermal-hydraulic separation of supply and return lines. From the black lacquered steel or stainless steel block a non-combustible insulation. Location axes flow and return pipes above and below the match.

Upper connection 1 1/2 "LH, a flat EPDM gasket for connecting the pump groups.

Lower central connection 1 1/2 "male thread for flat seal.

The remaining lower connection 1 1/2 "HP plugged 1 1/2" LH.

For heating systems, power up to 85 kW at delta T = 25 K.

Heating medium: water or propylene glycol to 40%

Specifications		
Consumption	3 m3 / hour	
Top. connection	NY 1 1/2 "flow Right	
Underwear.connection	1 1/2 "male (flat seal)	
Wheelbase	125 mm	
Maximum temperature	110 °C	
pressure class	PN 6	
Calculated power at $\Delta T$ =25 K $\Delta T$ =20 K	85kW 70kW	
dimensions	See. Fig. 15	
installation	to the wall using brackets	
arrangement	horizontally	

Overall dimensions of the distribution of black steel combs:

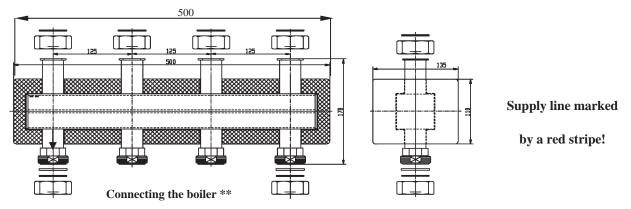


Figure 1 Collector 2 (3) \* heating circuits. Art 66301.2

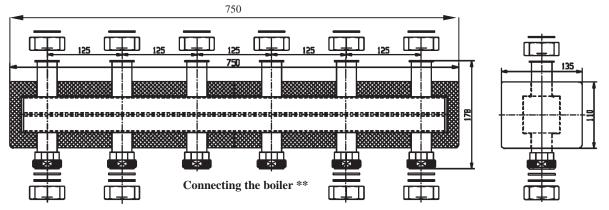
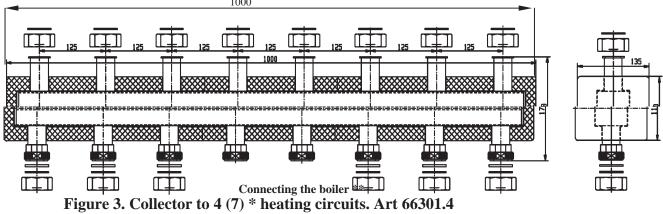


Figure 2 Collector 3 (5) \* heating circuits .Art 66301.3



<sup>\*</sup> Specified amount of the upper contours maximum number in parentheses given lower Involved