

These Assembly and Operating Instructions are an integral part of the product.

- > Read Assembly and Operating Instructions carefully before using the product.
- > Keep them in a safe place during the product's service life.

Translation from the German original edition @meibes 2012 - Subject to modifications.

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Important fundamental information

These instructions describe installation, commissioning, operation, repair and disassembly of the differential temperature controller **Energy Pro** for solar thermal plants.

For operation of the entire plant, the technical documentation of all the components used such as solar collectors, boiler, tank, pumps, mixers and valves etc. must be complied with.



Danger!

Assembly, connection, commissioning, repair and disassembly of the controller may only be performed by a qualified specialist!



The controller is handled by the operator of the entire solar thermal plant, i. e. as a rule by technical non-experts.



Danger!

The controller by no means replaces the safety components required under plant engineering aspects!



Make sure not to use the controller until you have thoroughly read and understood these Assembly and Operating Instructions and the safety provisions. Comply with all safety provisions and involve a specialist in case of doubt.



Important!

The fitter installing the controller must inform the plant operator about operation, functioning and the method of action of the **Energy Pro!**



Keep these Assembly and Operating Instructions and all reference documents so that they are available if required.

When relocating or when selling the device, hand the documents over to your successor.



Danger!

The device in operation may only be made accessible to adults disposing of appropriate knowledge and experience!



Symbols used

When handling the differential temperature controller **Energy Pro** and the entire plant, please make sure that the following safety provisions in the Assembly and Operating Instructions are complied with!



Danger!

Immediate danger for assets, life and limb!





Important!

Important information compliance with which is essential!





Note!

Useful information regarding handling of the device and the plant!



Description

The differential temperature controller **Energy Pro** is an independent electronic controller for surface-mounting which is used for the control of solar thermal plants.

The controller is equipped with a robust three-part plastic housing which can only be opened by means of tools (screw driver PH2).

Operation is effected by means of only two control elements; indications appear against a backlit colour display.

Before connection of the electrical system, the controller must be mounted firmly to a perpendicular, robust surface (wall).

For its own supply and the supply of the outputs, the controller must be connected to an electrical energy supply system in accordance with the technical data.



Note!

The electrical equipment of the device must be installed firmly and connected to the power supply via a disconnector ensuring complete isolation from the power supply according to the erection regulations!



Assembly, connection, commissioning, repair and disassembly of the controller are only admissible in a specialist workshop.

To ensure correct operation, temperature sensors type Pt 1000 must be used - the sensor design does not affect function.

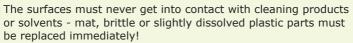
Each temperature sensor has two connectors which are equivalent, i. e. interchangeable. Thus, polarity reversal is not an issue.

The sensor lines can be extended up to a length of 100 m, to this effect, a cable cross section of 2 \times 1.5 mm² is recommended.



Important!

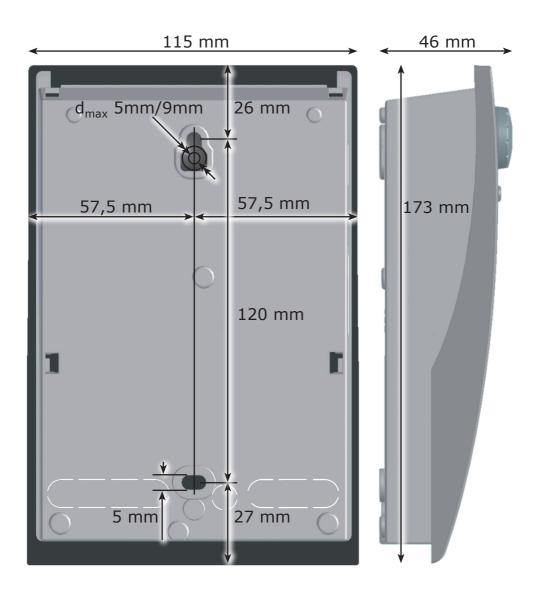
Make sure that only a dry or slightly moistened cloth is used for cleaning and servicing of the housing, the control elements and the display.



A device with damaged housing must not be operated!



Dimensions



Technical Data

Intended Use

The differential temperature controller may be used exclusively as controller for the control of solar thermal plants. It must be operated within the scope of all the specifications described. Installation and set-up of the controller may only be performed by specialists.

The fitter must have read and understood the operating manual.

The fitter explains all the relevant functions to the operator.

For operation, it is essential that the housing is closed and free of damage.

Scope of supplies

1 Differential temperature controller Energy Pro

1 Instruction manual

Differential temperature controller Energy Pro

Type of mounting Wall-mounting

Housing Plastics, in several parts

Mode of operation Type 1
Type of protection IP 20

Dimensions Width x Height x Depth [mm] 115 x 173 x 46

Weight [g] Basic version 370

Storage/operating temperature [°C] 0-40, non-condensation

Handling via rotary encoder and pushbuttons

Display TFT colour display 47 x 35 mm, backlit

Connection to power supply

Design 3 spring-type terminals PE, N and L

Service voltage [VAC] $230 \pm 10\%$ Line frequency [Hz] $50 \pm 1\%$ Auxiliary consumption typ. [W] 1,74Power consumption max. [W] 3.5

Fuse Micro fuse, type 5 x 20 mm, T2A/250 V

Rated pulse voltage [V] 2500

Max. cross sections to be connected

Cable end sleeve: $0.25 \text{ to } 0.75 \text{ mm}^2$ Single-wire $0.50 \text{ to } 1.50 \text{ mm}^2$ Fine-wired $0.75 \text{ to } 1.50 \text{ mm}^2$

Interfaces TS1 / TS2 / TS3 / TS4

Design 2 spring-type terminals each

Assignment as inputs

Admissible temperature probe Temperature sensor Pt 1000

Optional assignment of

TS3 / TS4 to the impeller sensor DFZ 1-100 pulses/litre

Optional assignment as

output on TS4 PWM signal 100Hz...2kHz or

analogue output 0...10V, max. 10mA

Triac outputs RO1 / RO2

Design 3 spring-type terminals each, PE, N and L

Output voltage [VAC] 230 $\pm 10\%$

Output power max.

per output [VA] 200

Output current max.

per output [A]

Switching output REL: Floating change-over contact

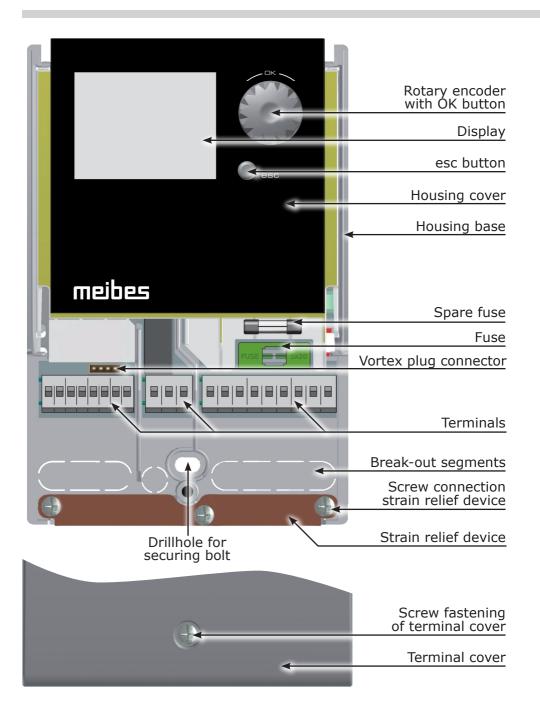
Design 3 spring-type terminals

Switching voltage max. [V] 253
Switching capacity max. [VA] 230
Switching current max. [A] 1

Interface for analogue Vortex flow sensors

Design Plug connector

Designation of the components



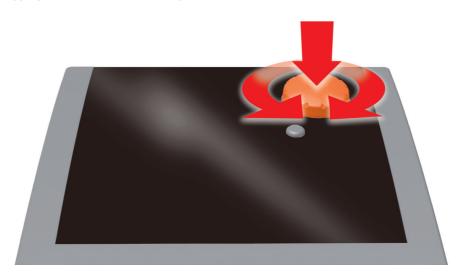
Operation of the controller

The entire set-up and operation of the differential temperature controller **Energy Pro** is effected via only two control elements on the device front.

All settings and interrogations are effected via the rotary encoder.

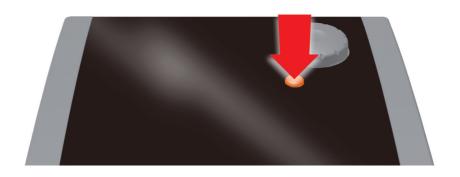
To find a required menu item, turn the rotary encoder to >scroll< through the menu - the selectable option appears on a coloured background on the display.

To confirm the selected menu item, press the rotary encoder. An appropriate submenu is called up, or selection is activated.



Press the esc button to make the menu return by one level from any subitem.

If no input is made within the preset time (30-255 s), the controller returns automatically to the initial level.

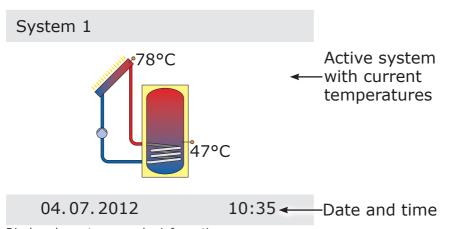


Display

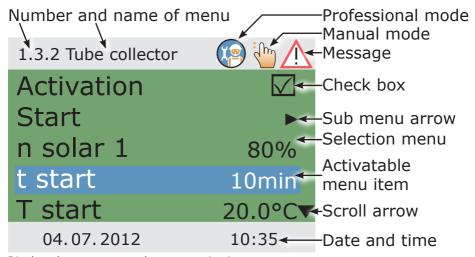
For indication of the operating mode and for communication in case of set-up, malfunction, modification and evaluation, the differential temperature controller **Energy Pro** is equipped with a coloured full graphics display which is permanently backlit.

The display is active as long as there is supply voltage on the controller.

After a preset time (30 - 255 s), backlighting is dimmed to 10%.



Display elements; example: information screen



Display elements; example: communication screen

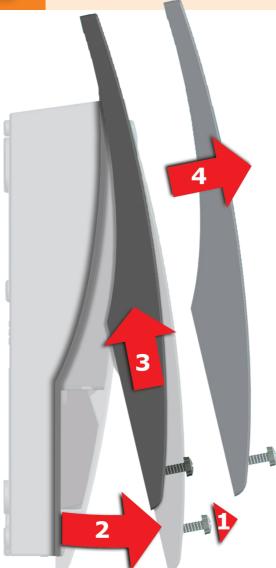
Opening the terminal cover



Danger!

Mortal danger due to electrocution! Whenever work is performed on the open terminal cover, all poles of the power supply must be disconnected reliably and protected against being switched on again!





- **1** Release the lock screw.
- **2** Swing terminal cover forward ...
- **3** ... push it upwards ...
- 4 ... and remove it.

Store the terminal cover carefully and protect it against damage!

To close the terminal cover, reverse the opening procedure.

Wall-mounting



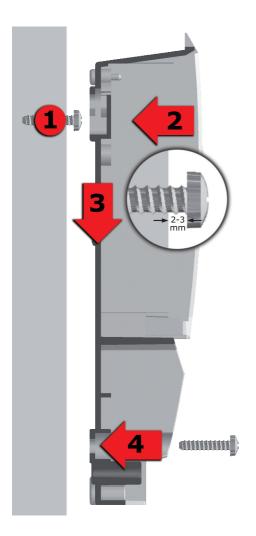
Important!

The device corresponds to protection type IP 20 - make sure the appropriate prerequisites exist on the envisaged place of installation.

Do not use the housing base as drill template.

A device with damaged housing must not be operated!





- **1** Fasten the top securing bolt so that a space of 2 to 3 mm is created between the wall and the screw head.
- **2** Move the device so that the upper fastening port is located above the screw head ...
- **3** ... and push it downwards.
- **4** Fasten the lower securing bolt.

If necessary, use dowel pins for wall-mounting!

Connection to power supply



Danger!

Mortal danger due to electrocution! Whenever work is performed on the open terminal cover, all poles of the power supply must be disconnected reliably and protected against being switched on again!



The differential temperature controller **Energy Pro** is connected to the power supply via three groups of spring-type terminals which are visible once the terminal cover is opened.

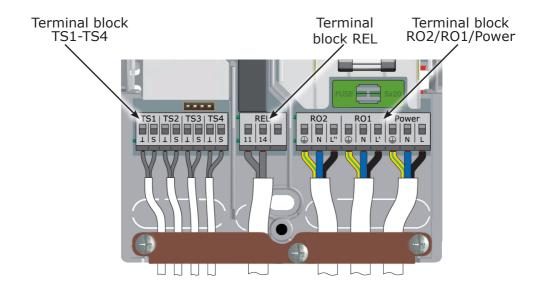
To introduce the cables, release the three screws on the strain relief device; if necessary, remove the strain relief device.

In case of flush mounting of the cables, the break-out segments in the housing base can be removed carefully and the cables routed through these ports.

The central terminal block is the interface to a potential-free change-over contact.

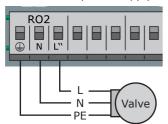
The spring-type terminals for the power supply, RO1, RO2 and REL, and for TS1, TS2, TS3 and TS4 can accommodate solid wires up to a cross section of 1.5 mm². Appropriate stranded wires must be preassembled with cable end sleeves.

For the strain relief device function, TS1 to TS4 and REL require cable cross sections of at least 5mm, for Power, RO1, RO2 at least 7mm.

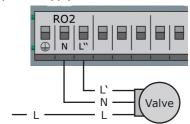


Connection of a switching valve to RO1/RO2

Connection diagram for a switching valve without power supply to RO2:

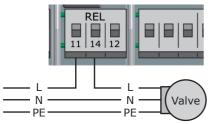


Connection diagram for a switching valve with power supply to RO2:

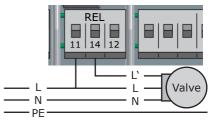


Connection of a switching valve to REL

Connection diagram for a switching valve without power supply to REL:

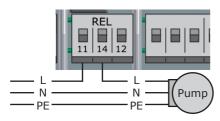


Connection diagram for a switching valve with power supply to REL:



Connection of a pump to REL

Connection diagram for a pump to REL:



Volumetric flow sensor:

Measurement of solar radiation (heat quantity):

The solar yield is calculated from the flow rate and the differential temperature. The differential temperature is the difference in the temperature of the collector sensor and the solar circuit return line sensor. There are various technical options:

a) Use of a vortex volumetric flow sensor with 2 analog signals for flow rate and temperature. The vortex sensor can be inserted directly at the plug connector provided behind the TS3/4 terminals. All plant layouts permit solar radiation.

Pin assignment



b) Impeller sensor (incrementation input)

An impeller sensor can be connected to TS3 or TS4 and must be adjusted during installation. The temperature sensor for the solar return line must be set in the menu >1.1.4 Heat quantities<. Solar radiation measurement using an impeller sensor is possible for plant layouts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 10, 12 and 14.

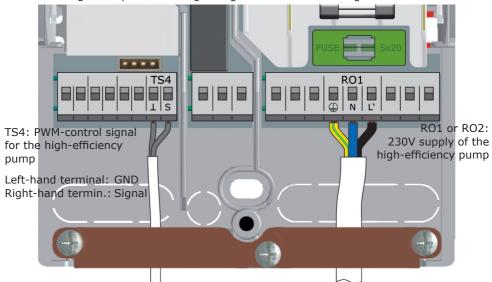
High-efficiency pump:

A high-efficiency pump can be connected via RO1 or RO2.

The appropriate control signal is issued at TS4.

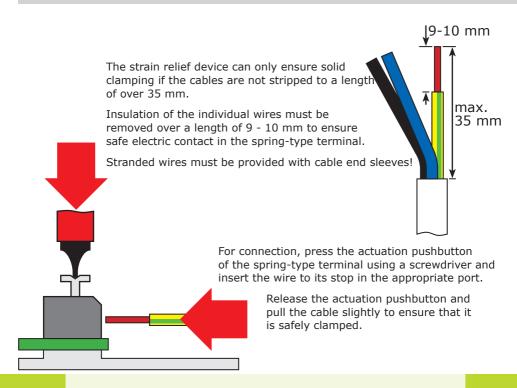
Thus, TS4 is no longer available as input.

The control signal may be an analog voltage 0 - 10V or a PWM signal.



For further details, please refer to the pump specification.

For definition and settings, the professional mode under 1.2.9 has been provided.





Important!

Before closing the terminal cover, make sure the strain relief device is tightened safely.

Check once more that all cables are in good condition and connected correctly.



Data interfaces



The solar controller has the following data interfaces:

The cut-outs at the left of the housing base accommodate a USB port as well as a slot for a storage medium (Micro SD card).

These interfaces are used, for example, for reading of error messages or log data or loading of software updates.

The USB port provides access to the Micro SD card.

Only SD cards approved by emz must be used. The controller automatically detects the Micro SD card.

Prior to removing the Micro SD card >Rem.SD card safely< must be selected in >1.2 Settings<, otherwise data loss may occur.

Note!



Define structure and design of the plant already when planning the entire solar thermal system and align the design with the one of the hydraulic systems of the controller!

If you want to complete an existing system or replace the existing controller, please make sure that **Energy Pro** is compatible with the existing configuration!

The sensors are connected to TS1 to TS4, the order not being significant; pumps and valves are connected to RO1 / RO2 - The interfaces are assigned to the functions in question on commissioning.





Supply line Return line

Heating pump

Switching valve



Hydraulic heat exchanger



Solar collector panel Main yield



Solar collector panel Secondary yield



Boiler, e. g. using fossil fuels/ solid fuels/ heat pump etc.



Boiler with disable recharge feature time-/temperature-controlled, in combination



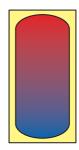
Boiler with disable recharge feature, efficiency optimization



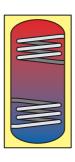
Temperature probes



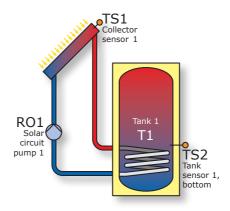
Swimming pool

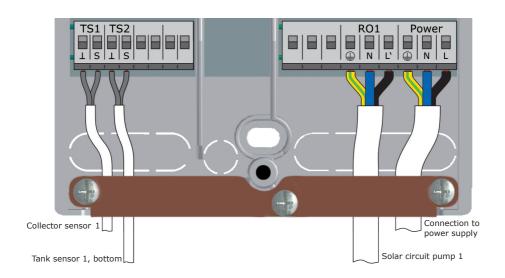


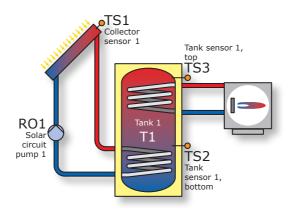
Warm water / buffer tank without heat exchanger

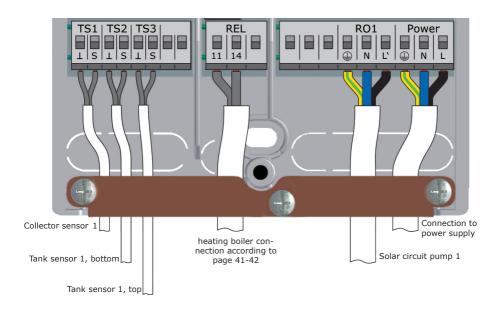


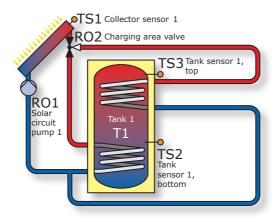
Warm water / buffer tank with heat exchangers

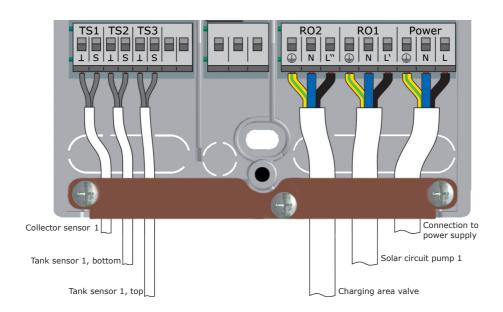


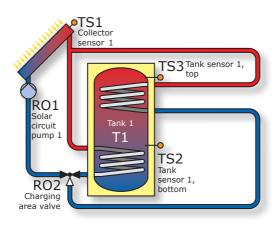


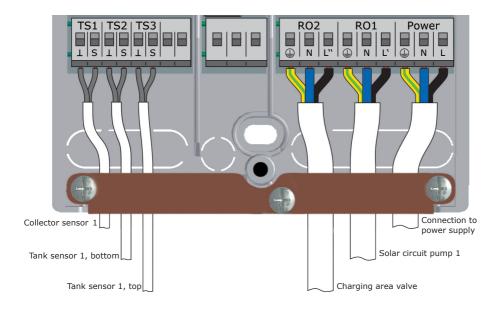


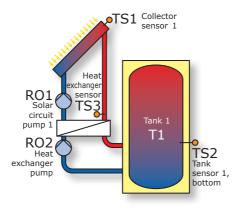


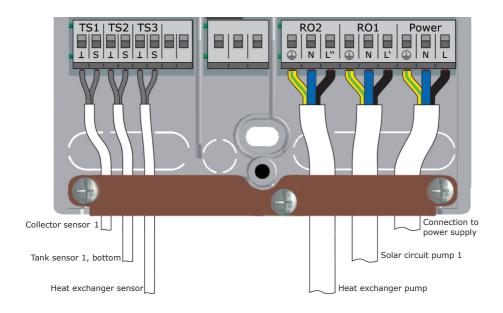


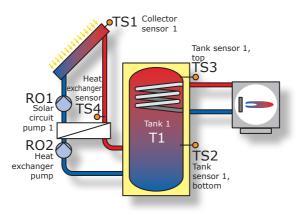


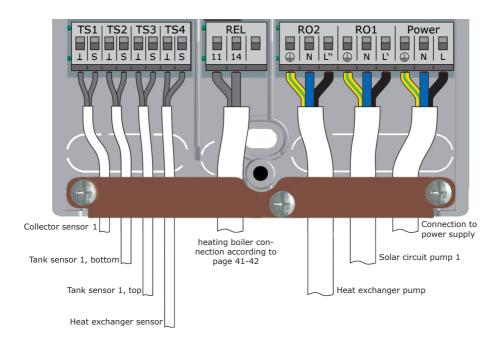


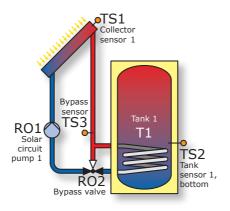


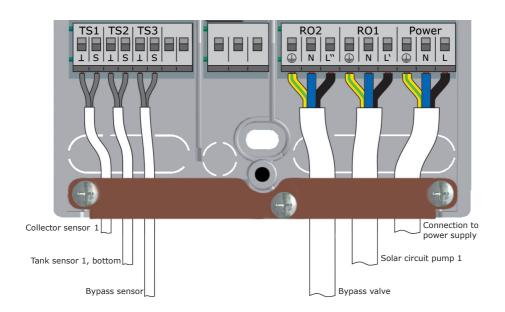


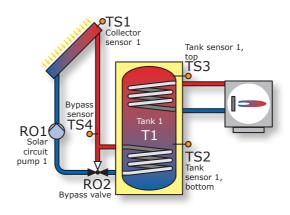


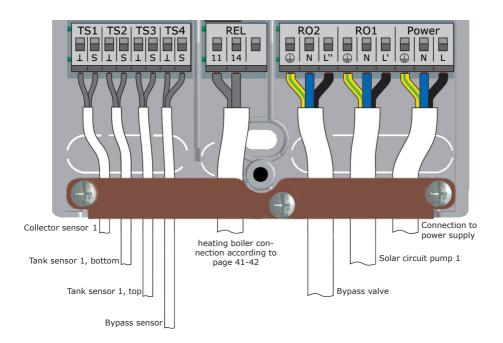


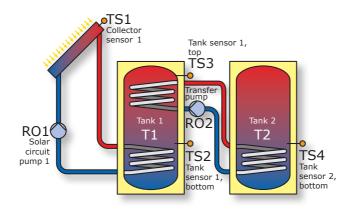


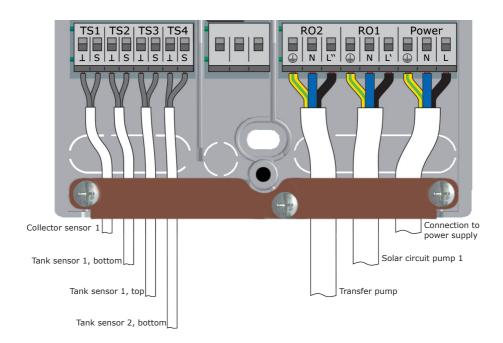


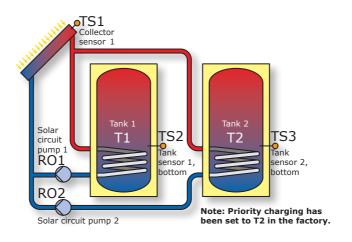


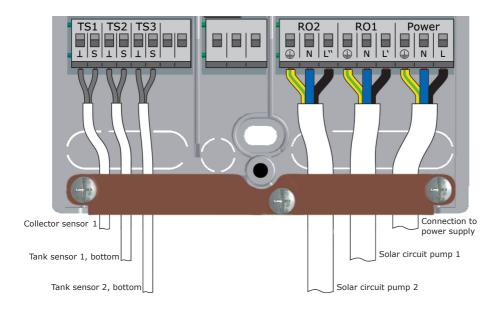


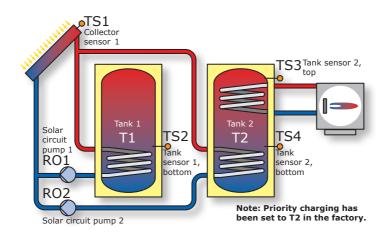


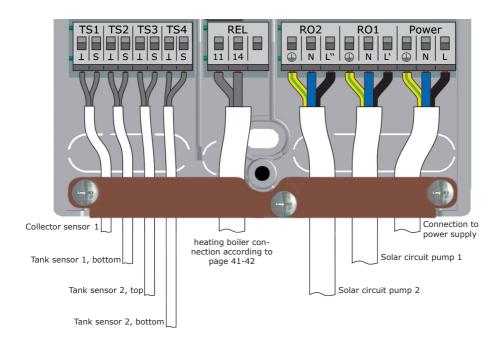


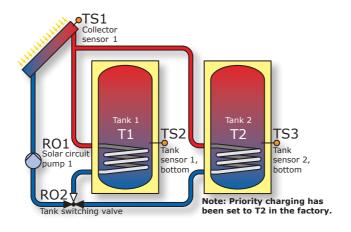


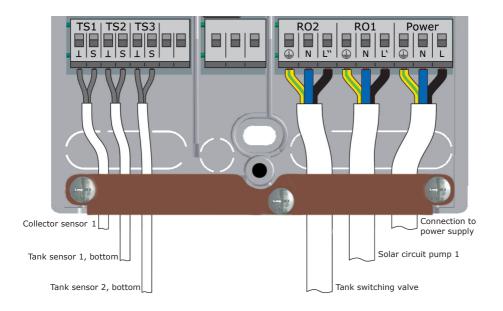


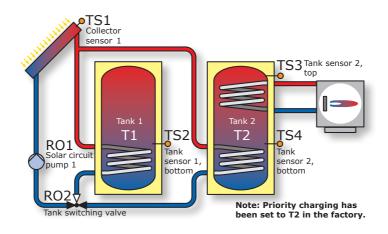


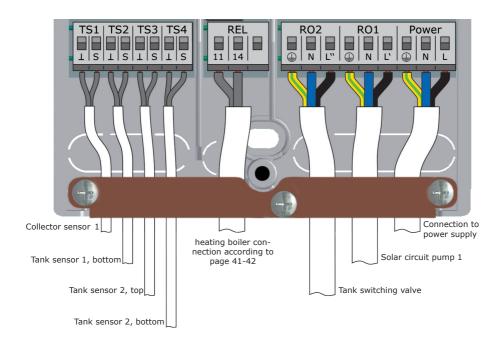


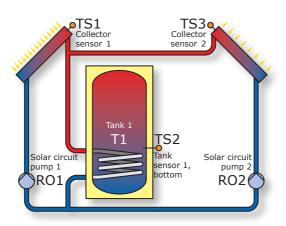


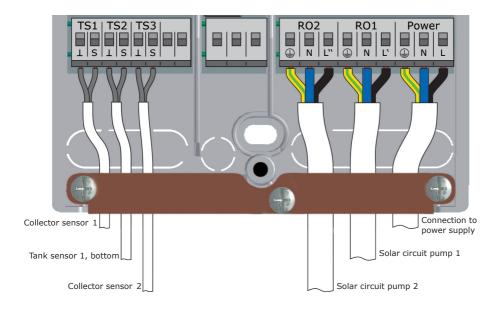


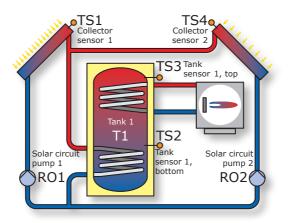


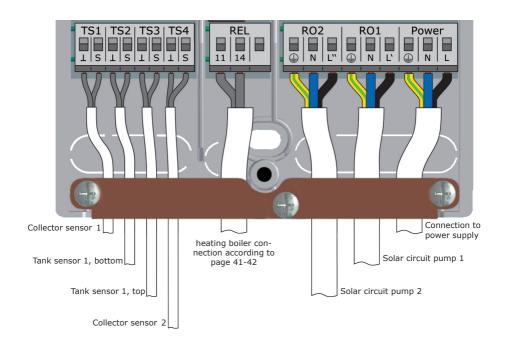


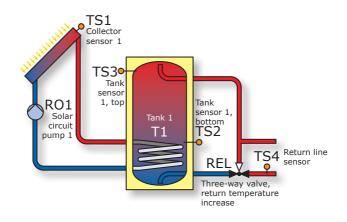


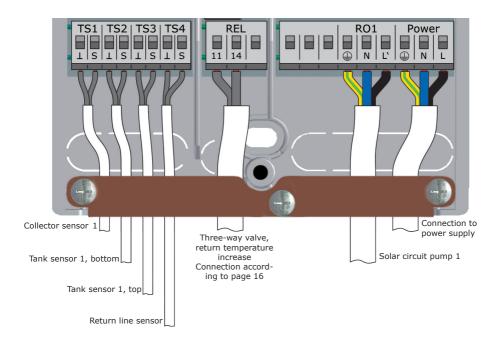


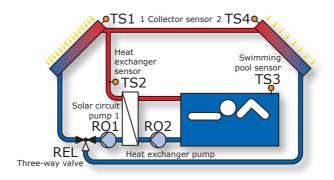


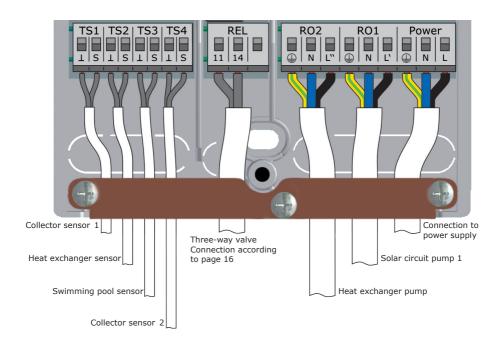


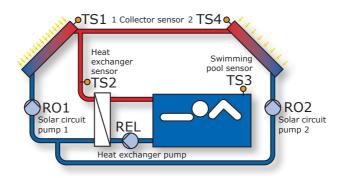


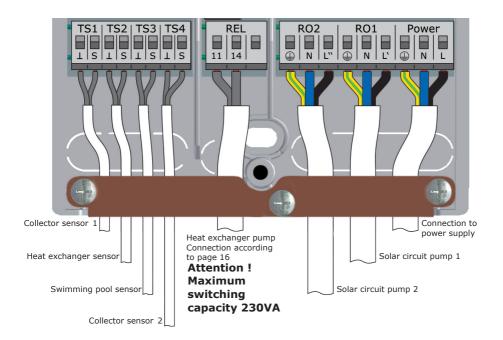




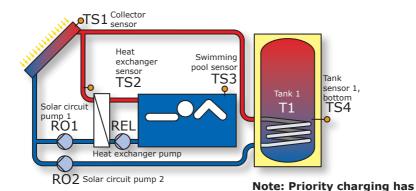




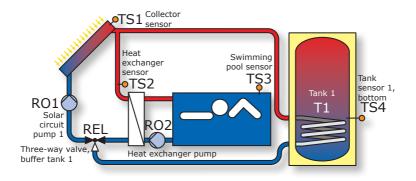


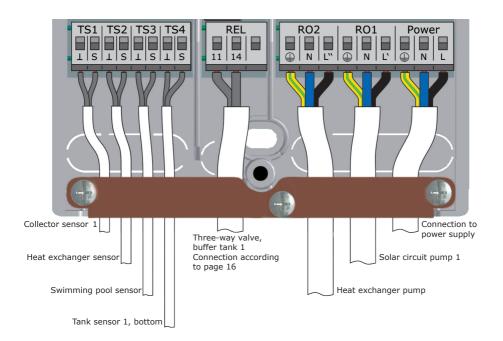


been set to T1 in the factory.



TS2| REL RO₂ RO1 TS3 Power 11 14 Collector sensor 1 Connection to power supply Heat exchanger pump Connection according Heat exchanger sensor Solar circuit pump 1 to page 16 Attention! **Maximum** Swimming pool sensor Solar circuit pump 2 switching capacity 230VA Tank sensor 1, bottom



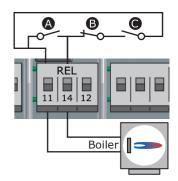


Functions for boiler control

The functions for boiler control are accomplished via the potential-free relay contact which is connected accordingly to the relevant interface of the heating boiler.

The individual functions are assigned the following priorities:

A Anti-legionella priority 1
B recharge suppression priority 2
C reheating priority 3



Anti-legionella function

The anti-legionella functions checks if the minimum heating for reduction of legionella has been achieved in the tank due to heating activity or solar heat within a set interval.

f no sufficient heating has been achieved by these means the controller starts a reheat cycle, specifically for reduction of legionella.

The fitter must set the parameters based on the applicable general directives and local requirements. The time of the disinfection cycle can be determined freely.

Reheat function

The temperature sensor in the upper tank area supplies the values for reheating.

For oil or gas operated systems, reheating takes place via the heating boiler.

For solid-fuel boilers, reheating takes place via the heat present in the drinking water tank. To this effect, the temperature within the tank must be within preset limits.

The temperature control is interlinked with six time blocks.

Reheating is activated as soon as the temperature falls below the set value by the hysteresis value in the current time block. When the set value is exceeded the reheating cycle stops.

Disable recharge

The efficiency of a solar plant increases as the recharge of the tank from the boiler decreases. Consequently, "disable recharge" means that recharging of the water tank is blocked by the boiler.

Time-controlled disable recharge

Recharge is blocked by the boiler for specific phases via a time program. Within the preset period of time (for ex. 7 to 19 h), recharge is blocked completely by the boiler without requiring the minimum temperature to this effect.

Time-/temperature-controlled disable recharge

If a minimum temperature in the tank is exceeded, disable recharge is activated. This function can be activated in parallel to the time program. If the preset minimum temperature (e. g. 45°C) in the tank is exceeded, recharge of the tank is disabled by the boiler. If, however, the minimum temperature is no longer reached, recharge is enabled

Efficiency-optimized recharge suppression

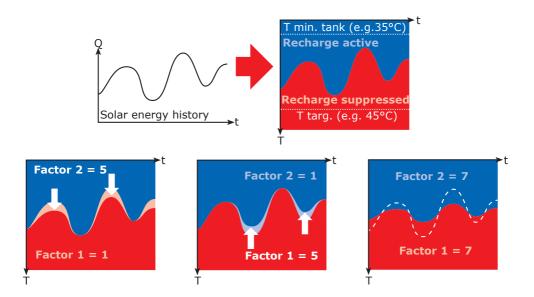
For efficiency-optimized recharge suppression two sensors are installed at the top tank sensor position: the original boiler tank sensor of the heating installation and a Pt 1000 which is connected to TS3 of the Energy Pro.

by the boiler no matter whether the time program blocks recharge or not.

The fitter can define the prioritization of the parameters in menu 1.4.3.: Factor 1 represents the parameter for the past yield, factor 2 reflects the parameter of the energy content.

The higher the selected relevant factor is, the lower the impact of its variable, for parameter values from eight the related active factor approaches zero.

The recharge suppression temperature is recalculated once a day.



Commissioning mode



Important!

For commissioning, the controller must be assembled correctly, all inputs and outputs must be connected and ready for operation, the strain relief device must be screw-fastened and the terminal cover closed!



This is an explanation in terms of an example of commissioning of the differential temperature controller **Energy Pro**; details vary along with the hydraulic configuration and the software version.

Commissioning is communicated in plain text; the user must make a selection, acknowledge and - if applicable - jump to the next menu item.

The differential temperature controller **Energy Pro** accompanies you during the entire configuration and interrogates everything it must know for optimum operation.

Now, the power supply of the controller must be switched on - the display screen appears.

0.1 Language		
Deutsch		>
English	\checkmark	a
Français		۷
Italiano		Δ
Polski		а
04.07.2012	09:12	

>0.1 Language< appears after a short booting sequence.

Various languages are available in this version of the **Energy Pro**.

Activate the required version and acknowledge by pressing >Next<.

>0.2 Time/date< appears.

Press >OK< - the hour is highlighted in colour.

Turn the rotary encoder until the correct figure appears, and acknowledge via the >OK< button.

The controller accepts the value and jumps to the minute setting.

In this way, all values for time and date can be entered.

If the differential temperature controller is installed at a location where daylight-saving time exists, the time shift can be activated here.

Acknowledge by pressing >Next<.

1.2.1 Date setting

	3
Date	04.07.2012
Time	09:12
Auto. Cloc	k Change ☑
04.07.2012	09:12

Commissioning mode

>0.3 Inputs< appears.

Select and activate the input interfaces TS1 to TS4 used and assign the selected function to them by scrolling.

Once all inputs have been assigned correctly, acknowledge by pressing >Next<.

0.3 Inputs	
TS1	
	Coll 1
TS2	
T00	
TS3	▼
04.07.2012	09:12



Important!

At the interface TS3 or TS4, an impeller sensor can be selected as flowmeter via >Impeller<.



>0.4 Volumetric flow< appears.

If TS3/TS4 has already been assigned to >Impeller<, >Impeller< will appear here in terms of sensor system. The number of pulses per litre still has to be selected.

If different features (or no features) are assigned to TS3/TS4, a vortex sensor or a flow rate detector can be selected via pump activation. To this effect, the vortex volumetric flow sensor installed or the max. pump flow rate still have to be defined.

Acknowledge by pressing >Next<...

0.4 Volumetric flow
Sensor system
Vortex
Flow rate
Grundfos 1-20 l/min
Next
04.07.2012 09:13



Important!

A high-efficiency pump can be connected to TS4. The WILO ST 25/7 PWM is preassigned.



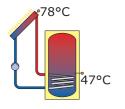


>0.5 Outputs< appears.

Select and activate the output interfaces RO1, RO2, REL used and assign them to the selected function by scrolling.

Once all outputs have been assigned correctly, acknowledge by pressing >Next<.

System 1/3



04.07.2012 09:13

Now, the controller offers the hydraulic systems which are possible due to the assigned inputs and the selected outputs.

By turning the rotary encoder, the required system can be selected (here system 1 of 3 possible ones) and acknowledged via the button >OK<.



Note!

Here, access to all plant layouts is possible for testing purposes via the option >Show all<. However, for correct operation, one of the plant layouts suggested by the controller must be selected.



Commissioning mode

>0.7 Checklist< appears.

Here, the submenus Test outputs and Holiday function are made available.

By selecting >SP 1 (top), a scrollbox is displayed in which an appropriate input (TS1 - TS4) can be assigned.

Select Test outputs and activate by pressing the OK button.

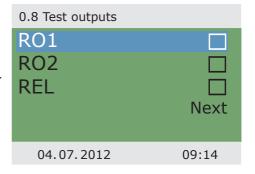


>0.8 Test outputs< appears.

Here, the outputs can be activated manually via the >OK< button to test the function of the activated output or of the connected unit.

If not all pumps and valves are working properly, the plant elements in question and the cabling must be verified and repaired.

Acknowledge by pressing >Next<.



>0.7 Checklist< reappears.

As the plant, when not in use, is only supplied with heat, but no heat is withdrawn, it may be subject to overheating and damage.

Thus, a >holiday function< was programmed which minimizes heat input.

Here, the holiday function can be set - call up by pressing the >OK< button.



0.7.2 Holiday function

Tank recooling
Soft charge
T-ON
120.0°C
T-OFF
100.0°C
Next ▶
04.07.2012
09:14

Various options can be selected for the holiday function.

At lower ambient temperatures (e. g. at night), tank recooling tries to dissipate heat via the collectors.

The soft charge circuit is designed so that the heat input into the tank is as low as possible.

The appropriate switch-ON and OFF temperatures must be varied as required.

Acknowledge by pressing >Next<.

0.9 End	
You have com	npleted
commissionin	ng!
	Next
04.07.2012	09:15

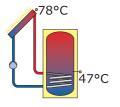
>0.7 Checklist< reappears.

Acknowledge by pressing >Next<.

>0.9 End< appears.

By >Next<, the controller changes over to >Automatic mode<.

System 1



Commissioning is complete.

As of this point, the **Energy Pro** controls the solar thermal plant automatically.

04.07.2012

09:16

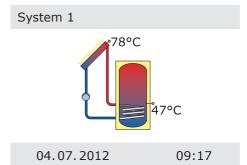
Automatic mode

In automatic mode, the screen displays the date, the time and the active hydraulic system.

The current temperature is displayed for each temperature sensor.

The pump activity is displayed on the display as animation.

There is no need for intervention by the fitter or operator.





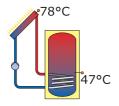
Note!

Check the display screen of the **Energy Pro** on a regular basis to be able to eliminate any malfunctions promptly!



Operation mode

System 1

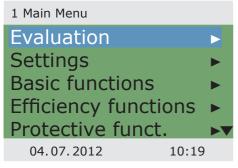


04.07.2012

10:19

On the controller, the user can make various settings and obtain information about states and processes.

To this effect, press the button >OK< in automatic mode.



>1 Main menu< appears.

A list of subitems appears

By scrolling ...



...the lower part of the menu is displayed.

Once the first subitem

>Evaluation< is selected, ...

Operation mode

...>1.1 Evaluation< appears.

Another selection level appears.

Once the first subitem >Measured values< is selected, ...

1.1 Evaluation	
Measured values	S >
Service hours	•
CO2 savings	•
Heat quantities	
Error list	•
04.07.2012	10:20

...>1.1.1 Measured val...< appears.

Here, the temperatures and dates concerning the controller are displayed.

If additional tank sensors have been defined on commissioning, these measurands also appear here.

By scrolling ...

1.1.1 Measured val	
Coll 1	78.2°C
Tank 1 bot.	47.0°C
Tank 2 bot.	42.1°C
Tank 2 top	61.4°C
Solar pump 1	80%▼
04.07.2012	10:20

...the lower part of the menu (if available) is displayed.

Return to >1.1 Evaluation<.

Once the second subitem >Service hours< is selected, ...

1.1.1 Measured val	
Tank 2 bot.	42.1°C [▲]
Tank 2 top	61.4°C
Solar pump 1	80%
Solar pump 2	34%
Boiler	OFF
04.07.2012	10:20

1.1.2 Service hours	
Solar pump 1 Solar pump 2 Reset	112h 94h
04.07.2012	10:21

...>1.1.2 Service hours< appears.

The operating time of the activated plant components is displayed in hours.

By actuating the menu item >Reset<, all counters are reset to zero.

The values are saved once per day, so that one day max. is "lost" in case of failure of the power supply.

Return to >1.1 Evaluation<.

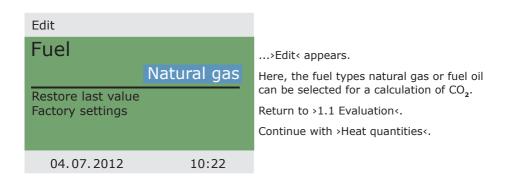
Once the third subitem >CO2 savings< is selected, ...

1.1.3 CO2 savings	S
Activation	\checkmark
Savings	447 kg
Reset	
Fuel	Natural gas
04.07.2012	10:21

...>1.1.3 CO2 savings< appears.

Here, assessment of the saved carbon dioxide can be activated, read and reset.

By selecting >Fuel<...



Operation mode

>1.1.4 Heat quantities< appears.

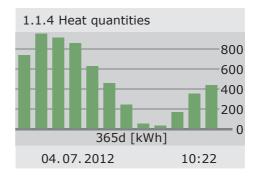
Activation starts a counter which determines the heat yield of the solar plant.

The menu item Max. flow can be used to set the max. pump flow rate for flow rate detection.

Press >Reset< to reset the counter to 0.

1.1.4 Heat quantities	
Activation	$\overline{\vee}$
Diagram	Week
Heat quantity	
	108 kWh
Reset	
04.07.2012	10:22

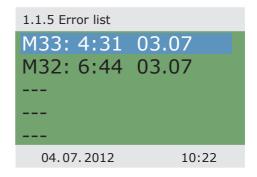
The evaluation period can be selected via the >Diagram< - >Week<, >Month< or >Year< The evaluation appears as a bar graph. Continue with >Error list<.



>1.1.5 Error list< appears.

Here, a table of the last errors occurred appears for information.

By selecting a fault ...



1.10 Error list

M05:

Sensor short-circuit on TS3!
Press ESC to return

04,07,2012

10:22

... the error message appears in plain text.

If necessary, take the appropriate measures.

Return to >1 Main menus.

Continue with >Settings<.

1.2 Settings

Date/Time Language Display Rem.SD card safely Factory settings 04.07.2012 10:23

>1.2 Settings< appears.

Another selection level appears.

Once the first subitem

>Date/Time< is selected, ...

1.2.1 Date setting

Date 04.07.2012
Time 10:23
Auto. Clock Change ☑

04. 07. 2012 10:23

...>1.2.1 Date settings< appears.

Here, date and time can be set in case of deviation or an extended period of deenergizing.

If the differential temperature controller is installed at a location where daylight-saving time exists, the time shift can be activated here.

Select the subitem

>Date< or >Time< by pressing >OK<.

Operation mode

One group of figures each is activated and can be varied via the rotary encoder; whenever >OK< is pressed, the activation jumps to the next group.

Return to >1.2 Settings<.

Continue with >Language<.

1.2.1 Date s	etting
Date	04.07.2012
Time	10:23
Auto. Clock Change ☑	
04.07.20	12 10:23

>1.2.2 Language < appears.

Here, the user can change over to another available language.

Continue with >Display<.

1.2.2 Language	
Deutsch	
English	abla
Français	
Italiano	
Svenska	□▼
04.07.2012	10:23

- >1.2.7 Display< appears.
- >Brightness< serves to adjust the backlighting of the display in steps of 10% from 10% to 100%.
- >Blanking time< is used to determine the time after which, in case of inactivity, backlighting is reduced from the set value to 10%. Adjustable in the range from 30 to 255 seconds.

Return to >1.2 Settings<.

1.2.7 Display	
Brightness Blanking time	100% 180s
04.07.2012	10:23



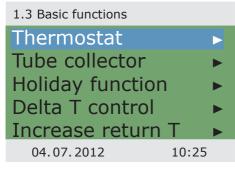
>SD-Karte sicher entfernen< muss vor Entnehmen der Micro-SD-Card angewählt werden.

The last menu item is >Factory settings<.

By selecting and pressing the button >OK<, followed by >esc<, the preset values are deleted and replaced by the factory settings.

Return to >1 Main menu<.

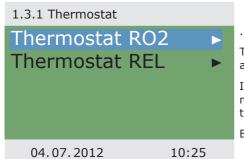
Continue with >Basic functions<.



>1.3 Basic functions< appears.

Another selection level appears.

Once the first subitem >Thermostat< is selected, ...



...>1.3.1 Thermostat< appears.

The controller's free outputs can be used as thermostats for various applications.

In professional mode, presettings must be made to this effect - your fitter will explain the appropriate function to you, if necessary.

By selecting a subitem ...

Operation mode

...the appropriate activation screen is displayed.

Return to >1.3 Basic functions<.

Continue with >Tube collector<.

1.3.1 Thermostat R	
Activation	
04.07.2012	10:25

>1.3.2 Tube collectors< appears.

This option is to be activated in case vacuum tube collectors are used.

Return to >1.3 Basic functions<.

Continue with >Holiday function<.

1.3.2 Tube collector	
Activation	
04.07.2012	10:25

>1.3.3 Holiday funct...< appears.

Here, you enter the time of your next holiday. "Holiday" means that the heating/ warm water plant is not used in summer.

In this case, the controller will adapt control for the specified period so that overheating of the plant is prevented.

First select the subitem >Start<, then >End< by pressing >OK<.

1.3.3 Holiday funct	
Start	
	19.07.2012
End	
	02.08.2012
04.07.2012	10:26

Edit		
Start		
	19.07.2012	
Restore last value Factory settings		
04.07.2012	10:26	

>Edit< appears.

Here, the dates of your absence are entered. Return to >1.3 Basic functions<.

Continue with >Delta T control<.

1.3.5 dT control		>1.3.5 dT control< appears.
dT ON 1	8.0k	Here, parameters of the controller can be changed.
dT OFF 1	4.0k	The factory settings of the Energy Pro
dT ON 2	8.0k	can be used for almost all plants.
dT OFF 2	4.0k	Ask a fitter before making changes at this point.
		Return to >1.3 Basic functions<.
04.07.2012	10:27	Continue with >Fixed T control<.

1.3.6 Fixed temp.c		>1.3.6 Fixed temp.c< appears.
T fixed 1 T fixed 2	70.0°C 70.0°C	Here, the temperature values for the collector panels are entered which are to be achieved via control of the pump delivery rate in question.
		The factory settings of the Energy Pro can be used for almost all plants.
		Return to >1.3 Basic functions<.
04.07.2012	10:27	Continue with >Increase return T<.

Operation mode

>1.3.8 Increase retu...< appears.

Parameters for return flow temperature increase can be defined here.

Ask a fitter before making changes at this point.

Return to >1 Main menu<.

Continue with >Post Heating Request<.

1.3.8 Increase retu	
Activation	$\overline{\vee}$
TON	8.0K
T OFF	4.0K
T min	15.0°C
04.07.2012	10:27

>1.3.10 Post Heatin...< erscheint.

The reheating control reacts to the values of the top tank sensor. If the temperature falls below >t charge< minus the hysteresis, the control activates the reheating cycle via the heating boiler. When the set value is reached the reheating cycle is stopped.

Return to >1 Main menu<.

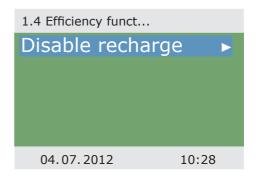
Continue with >Efficiency functions<.

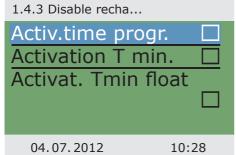
1.3.10 Post Heatin	
Hysteresis	10.0K
Time block 1	•
Time block 2	•
Time block 3	•
Time block 4	►▼
04.07.2012	10:27

>1.4 Efficiency funct...< appears.

Another selection level appears.

Once the first subitem >disable recharge< is selected, ...





... >1.4.3 disable recha... < appears.

This option must be activated if recharging of the warm water tank is to be switched off as a function of time or temperature.

To this effect, the fitter must make the appropriate presettings.

Return to >1 Main menu<.

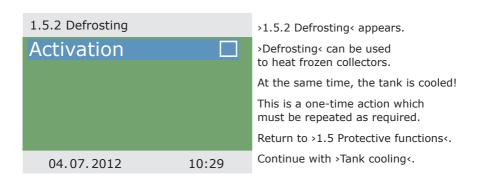
Continue with >Protective functions<.



>1.5 Protective funct.< appears.

Another selection level appears.

Continue with >Collector defrost.<.



Operation mode

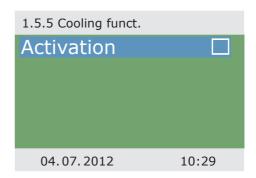
>1.5.5 Cooling funct.< appears.

This option must be activated if, during a heat wave, the heat input exceeds the energy withdrawal.

In this case, the controller cools the tank via the collectors, e. g. at night.

Return to >1.5 Protective functions<.

Continue with >Soft charge<.



>1.5.6 Soft charge< appears.

This option should be activated if an extended spell of hot, sunny weather is to be expected. Thus, the heat input in the tank is reduced.

Return to >1 Main menu<.

Continue with >Monitoring<.

1.5.6 Soft charge	
Activation	

>1.6 Monitoring appears.

Here, the error list can be called up. The required information appears on the display.

Return to >1 Main menus.

Continue with >Login<.





>1.7 Login< appears.

Here, the fitter can enter his/her access code to perform further settings and changes.

Return to >Main menus.

Continue with >About smart Sol<.

1.9 About		
SW version	5.42	
HW version	7.00	
Serial number	3044	
Commissioning		
04.07.2012		
04.07.2012	10:30	

>1.9 About < appears.

Here, the software and hardware version of the controller, the serial number and the date of commissioning appear.

This information is required for repairs and for version management.

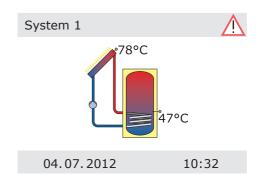
If no entry is made within the preset time (30 - 255 s) on the **Energy Pro**, the display returns to >System<.

>esc< is used to return to the home screen from every menu.

Malfunction

The screen on top right shows the >Attention< symbol which points out a notification or an operating malfunction.

Select via >OK<.



If >Safety function< appears in the display, this is a message, no malfunction.

In this case, there is no deficiency, but limits have been exceeded.

The controller indicates that a protective function has been triggered.

The message is only active until normal operation has been restored.





Note!

If a malfunction message appears in the display, the operator can define the possible causes by means of the Service Wizard so that he/she can provide the fitter with precise information.



The differential temperature controller **Energy Pro** communicates malfunction processes in plain text. The Service Wizard indicates the possible causes of malfunctions on the basis of the detected symptoms and thus supports immediate and comfortable detection of deficiencies.

There may be various deficiencies in a solar thermal system, which require a wide variety of approaches. The controller communicates every step to the operator or fitter via the screen, so that there is no need to describe all malfunctions in detail in this operating manual.

Here, a malfunction message with troubleshooting process is presented as an example.



Danger!

Mortal danger due to electrocution! For troubleshooting on the plant, disconnect all poles of the power supply reliably and protect it them against being switched on again!



1.10 Service Wizard



M02:

Breakage of sensor on TS1! Menu Next

04.07.2012

10:33

>1.10 Service Wizard< appears.

The malfunction appears in plan text - here:

>M02: Breakage of sensor on TS1!<.

If an analysis/repair is not required at present, press >Menu< to return to the main menu.

1.10 Service Wizard



M02:

Breakage of sensor on TS11 Menu Next

04.07.2012

10:33

The Service Wizard helps detect possible causes of malfunctions.

Acknowledge by pressing >Next<.

1.10 Service Wizard



Possible reasons:

Cable/connection Sensor



Fxit

04.07.2012

10:33

For this malfunction, the following causes are assumed: >Cable/connection< or >Sensor< - select the first menu item and confirm by pressing >OK<.

The controller here provides the troubleshooting instruction to check the connection cable.

Perform the measure in accordance with the recommendation.

Acknowledge by pressing >Next<.

1.10 Service Wizard	ı	
Please check the connection cable to the sensor.		
	Next	
04.07.2012	10:33	

More detailed instructions are available if required.

Acknowledge by pressing >Next<.



The troubleshooting result is interrogated.

Continue via >Yes< for the case that the malfunction has been determined.

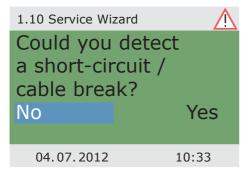




Repair information appears.

Perform the appropriate repair work.

Exit the >Service Wizard
by pressing >Exit<.



If the cause of the malfunction has not yet been determined, troubleshooting can be continued.

Continue with >No<.



Select all the sources of malfunctions listed, and confirm via >OK<.

Appropriate instructions appear for each source of faults.

Perform the measure in accordance with the recommendation.

Continue with >Explanation<.

Please check
the sensor for
plausible values.
Explanation

04.07.2012

10:34

A part of the information and instructions may be provided in close detail, so that ...

1.10 Service Wizard

Disconnect it and measure its resistor.

Next

04.07.2012 10:34

...the texts may well take several screens.

With PT 1000 sensors
0°C to 100°C
correspond to
a resistor of
1000 to 1385 Ohm.

04.07.2012

10:34

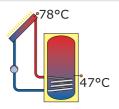


After description of the troubleshooting measure, the result determined by you is interrogated...



... and the appropriate logical conclusion is made, the repair work displayed.

System 1



After elimination of the malfunction, the plant screen without the >Attention< symbol appears again on the display, automatic mode is continued.

04.07.2012

10:38

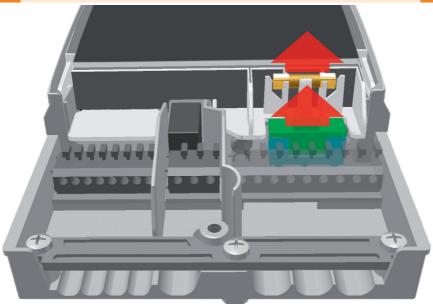
Replacement of fuse



Danger!

Mortal danger due to electrocution! Before opening the terminal cover, disconnect the power supply reliably!





To remove the device fuse, open the terminal cover.

Above the right-hand group of terminals, the fuse base and a spare fuse are located. Pull the upper part of the support and the spare part out.

The fuse link is clamped in the formed piece and is removed together with the plastic





Now, push the micro-fuse laterally out of its holder. The fuse link is installed by reversing the above order. Make sure to procure yourself immediately a new spare fuse!



Danger!

Risk of fire due to overload or short-circuit! Only use fuse links type 5 x 20 mm, T2A!



Important!



In professional mode, settings are made which require detailed knowledge of the heating and solar plant.

Moreover, solid specialist knowledge regarding control engineering, hydraulics and solar thermal water heating is required!

If a single parameter is changed, this may affect the safety, function and efficiency of the entire plant!

Leave the settings in professional mode to a specialist workshop, the fitter or heating installer!

Modifications by non-experts tend to result in damage to the plant, rather than to an improvement of its efficiency!





To enter the professional mode, select >1.7 Login< from the main menu, activate and ...

Edit		
Access code		ı
	365	ŀ
Restore last value Factory settings		1
04.07.2012	10:31	

... enter the access code.

The access code to professional mode is >365<.

The fact that the fitter must be available for his/her customers on 365 days per year may serve as a mnemonic trick.

After having returned to >1 Main menu<, the screen shows a list of subitems as in operation mode.



In menu item >1.1 Evaluation<, enhanced setting options for the operation mode are only available in subitem >Heat quantity<.

Continue with >Heat quantities<.

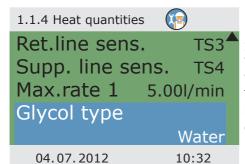


Here, precise settings must be made to enable the controller to set up the heat quantity balance as precisely as possible.

The evaluation period can be selected via the Diagram - Week, Month or Year.

Continue to scroll.

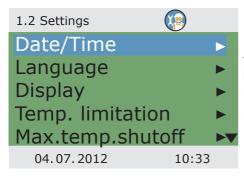




In addition to the operation mode's functions, the sensors in the return and supply lines are assigned.

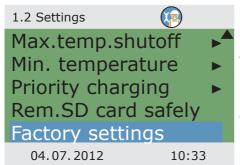
The filling can be defined as water, Tyfocor, propylene glycol or ethylene glycol.

Continue to scroll.



The following items appear under >1.2. Settings< next to the operation mode menus:

- >Temp. limitation<
- >Max.temp.shutoff<



After scrolling:

- >Min. temperature<
- >Priority charging

Call up menu item >Temp. limitation<.

If the temperature in tank 1 exceeds the value T limit 1, or if the temperature in tank 2 exceeds the value T limit 2, the solar circuit pump is switched off unconditionally.

The pump is not switched on again until the actual temperature falls below the value T limit by the hysteresis >Hyst<.

Example: T limit =60°C minus Hyst=5K => Reclosing temperature 55°C.

Continue via the menu item >Max.temp.shutoff<.

1.2.3 Temp.limitation		
Hyst	5.0K	
T limit 1	60.0°C	
T limit 2	60.0°C	
If T-limit>60°, anti-scalding		
protection must be installed.		
04.07.2012	10:34	

Maximum temperature of the tanks 1 and 2, to avoid excessively hot water in the tank; the tank in question is only charged to its >T max<.

In case of collector overheating, the tank can be charged up to >T-limit<.

Continue via the menu item >Min. temperature<.

1.2.5 Max.temp.sh	
T max.tank 1	59.0°C
T max.tank 2	59.0°C
04.07.2012	10:34

To increase efficiency on charging the tanks, the minimum temperature to be present at the collector in question is entered via >T min. Coll<.

The relevant hysteresis value represents the difference between the switch-ON and switch-OFF temperature.

Continue via the menu item >Priority charge<.

1.2.6 Min.temperat	
Activation	$\overline{\vee}$
T min.Coll 1	20.0°C
Hyst.Coll. 1	2.0K
04.07.2012	10:34

1.2.8 Priority charg	
Priority	Tank 1
t pause	2min
t charge	20min
dT Coll.	2.0K
04.07.2012	10:34

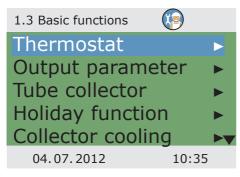
In case of dual-tank systems, the tank to be charged first is defined: tank 1, tank 2 or parallel charging.

>t pause< is used to set the pause time between twot switch-ON tests.

>t charge< serves to define the charging time for the secondary tank.

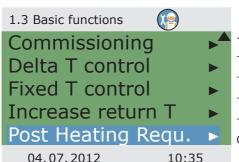
Once >dT Coll< is reached, the pause time is restarted.

Continue with >Basic functions<.



The following items appear under >1.3. Basic functions< next to the operation mode menus:

- ->Thermostat<
- >Output parameter<
- >Collector cooling<
- >Post Heating Requ. ...



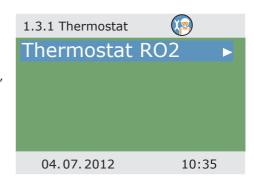
... and enhanced menus regarding the

- >Holiday function<
- >Delta T control<
- >Fixed T control<
- >Increase return T<

Call up the menu item >Thermostat<.

If outputs on the controller are not assigned, these channels can be used as thermostats.

Here, the appropriate channel is selected.



Aktivierung vornehmen.

As start signal, the timer, timer-thermostat or temperature-thermostat thereof can be set.

The output has already been defined by the selection - the related sensor remains to be defined.

Continue to scroll...

1.3.1 Thermostat R	
Aktivierung	
Start	
Timer,tl	nermostat
Sensor	TS3
Output	RO2▼
04.07.2012	10:35

Define switch-ON/OFF temperature.

For the heating function, T ON must be < T OFF. For the cooling function, T ON must be > T OFF.

Up to four time slots can be assigned to each thermostat function. First of all, define the switch-ON times.

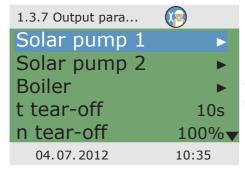
Continue to scroll.

1.3.1 Thermostat R	(P)
TON	40.0°C [▲]
T OFF	55.0°C
t ON 1	00:00
t ON 2	00:00
t ON 3	00:00▼
04.07.2012	10:35

1.3.1 Thermostat R	
t ON 4	00:00
t OFF 1	00:00
t OFF 2	00:00
t OFF 3	00:00
t OFF 4	00:00
04.07.2012	10:35

Then, define the switch-OFF times.

Continue via the menu item >Output parameter<.



Here, the general settings for the assigned outputs are defined.

Continue to scroll.

1.3.7 Output para	
Solar pump 2	▶▲
Boiler	•
t tear-off	10s
n tear-off	100%
Speed delta	10%
04.07.2012	10:35

>t tear-off< and >n tear-off< define how long and at which speed the pumps are to run on starting.

Select an output...

...to define the required control algorithm as >dT< or >Fixed T<.

In case of plants with long piping or slow response, overtravel times for the solar circuit, pump and valve can be determined.

Continue to menu item >Tube collector<.

1.3.7 Output para	
Algorithm	
	dT
Overtravel time	0s
n min.	50%
n max.	100%
04.07.2012	10:35

To receive correct measured values from the tube collector system, the pump must be switched ON briefly.

By activation of the function, the solar circuit pump can be started time- and/or temperature-controlled.

The time sequence, the pump ON time and \dots

1.3.2 Tube c	ollector 🔑
Activation	on 🗆
Start	time-dependent
t-ON	10min
TON	20.0°C
t solar 1	. 20s ▼
04.07.20	12 10:35

... the pump delivery rate as a percentage value can be entered.

The two time programs are performed one after the other.

Continue via the menu item >Holiday function<.

1.3.2 Tube collector	
n solar 1	100%
t solar 2	0s
n solar 2	30%
t start	06:00
t end	20:00
04.07.2012	10:35



To avoid overheating of the plant, the controller will suppress yield optimization while the holiday function is activated.

The time frame of the holiday function is mostly defined in operation mode.

Continue to scroll.



If tank cooling is activated, an appropriate time frame must be defined - this makes sense during the cooler hours of the night - by allowing the controller to dissipate as much energy as possible via the collectors.

Under >Recooling<, determine whether cooling is to be effected down to >T min tank< or >T max tank<.

Continue to scroll.

1.3.3 Holiday function	(P)
n pump	100%
Hyst.	5.0K
Soft charge	
dT	5.0K
T min tank 1	45.0°C▼
04.07.2012	10:35

Under >n pump< set the pump speed in percent.

Enter the hysteresis value by >Hyst<.

If necessary, activate >Soft charging<

>dT< is used to define the switch-ON temperature for the holiday function as a difference from the preset maximum temperature of the tank.

Via >T-min tank 1< and ...

Continue to scroll.

...>T-min tank 2<, specify the minimum temperature required for the tank in question.

Select whether the >Priority tank< or the >Secondary tank< are to be cooled.

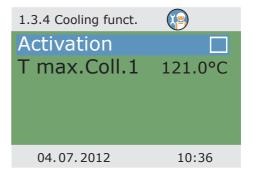
Continue via the menu item >Collector cooling<.

1.3.3 Holiday function	
dT	5.0K [♠]
T min.tank1	45.0°C
T min.tank2	45.0°C
Tank	
Pric	ority tank
04.07.2012	10:35

Here, collector cooling is activated: once the collector temperature >T max. Coll. 1<, or >T max. Coll. 2< is reached, the appropriate solar circuit pump continues to operate until the tank limit temperature is reached.

Return to >1.3. Basic functions<.

Continue with >Commissioning<.

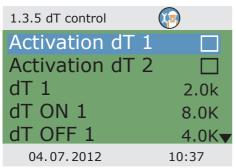


Here, new commissioning can be started - e. g. if a new hydraulic system is to be selected.

=> >Commissioning mode< as of page 43.

Continue with >Delta T control<.





If control algorithms have been defined as >dT< under >1.3.7 Output parameter<, the appropriate outputs can be configured here.

Via >dT ON<, the switch-ON temperature, via >dT OFF<, the switch-OFF temperature and via >dT targ.<, the target differential temperature are set. (Differential temperature between collector and tank, bottom).

Continue with >Fixed T control<.

1.3.6 Fixed temp.c.	🕼
Control 1	
Variant 1	
	step-wise
T fixed 1	70.0°C
04.07.2012	10:37

If control algorithms have been defined as >Fixed T< under >1.3.7 Output parameter<, the appropriate outputs can be configured here.

In case of the fixed temperature control, the collector is controlled to the preset temperature via a variable pump delivery rate.

Continue with >Efficiency functions<.



Here, reheating can be activated.

The boiler is defined as >Solid-fuel boiler or >Gas/oil <.

In case of solid-fuel boilers reheating is made via the charge pump of the drinking water tank and is only activated if the temperature of the tank is within the values >Min. temp.< und >Max. temp.<.

Up to six time blocks can be activated for reheating.

1.3.10 Post Heatin	
Max. temp.	55.0°C [♠]
Time block 1	•
Time block 2	•
Time block 3	•
Time block 4	▶ ▼
04.07.2012	10:37

>Ref. temp.< is used to define the set temperature at the top tank sensor.

If the temperature falls below >Ref. temp.

by >Hysteresis<, the control activates the

reheating cycle via the heating boiler until

>Ref. temp.

is reached.

1.3.10 Post Heatin	
Activation	
Ref. temp.	45.0°C
Starting time	00:00
End time	23:59
	•
04.07.2012	10:37

Each period can be defined with >Weekends<, Monday - Sunday< or >Monday - Friday<. Continue with >Efficiency functions<.

1.3.10 Post Heatin	
Ref. temp.	45.0°C [▲]
Starting time	00:00
End time	23:59
Time period	
	Weekends
04.07.2012	10:37



The following items appear under >1.4. Efficiency funct.< next to the operation mode menus:

- >Low-Flow<
- >Quick-charging<

Call up menu item >Low-Flow<.

60.0°C
10:38

Here, the switch-ON temperature can be defined for low-flow plants.

Continue with >Quick-charging<.

1.4.2 Quick-charging	
Activation	
Sensors	TS3
TON	48.0°C
T OFF	52.0°C
T targ.Coll.	70.0°C
04.07.2012	10:38

Tank quick charging changes over from dT control to fixed temperature control.

>T ON< and >T OFF< define the change-over range and >T targ. Coll.< the fixed temperature on the collector.

An upper tank sensor is required for quick-charging.

Continue with >Disable recharge<.

If the plant has been designed accordingly and a system involving disable recharge selected, the appropriate parameters are set here.

Here, the time control and/or the temperature control are activated - possible for all systems with heating boiler control.

Time and temperature control can be used in combination.

Select the time slot via >Start< and >End<.

Select the minimum temperature via >T min tank<.

Continue to scroll.

1.4.3 disable recha...

Activ.time progr.

Start

00:00

End

00:00

Activation T min.

04.07.2012

10:39

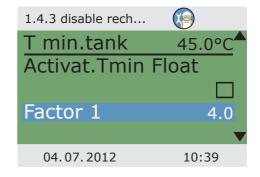
Here, the efficiency-optimized disable recharge is enabled and activated - possible for all systems 2, 6, 8, 11, 13, 15.

Set >factor 1<.

Factor 1 weights the expected solar input, factor 2 the absolute level.

By reducing factor 1, the expected solar input gets a higher weighting.

Continue to scroll.



Set >factor 2<.

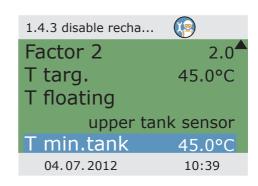
By reducing factor 2, reaching the tank minimum temperature >T min tank< (at the end of the menu) gets a higher weighting.

Determine under >T floating< whether the temperature is to be measured on the upper or lower tank sensor.

Enter the minimum tank temperature via >T min tank<.

Return to >Main menus

Continue with >Protective funct.<.





The following items appear under >1.5. Protective funct.< next to the operation mode menus:

- >Anti-Blocking<
- >Antifreeze protection<

Call up menu item >Anti-Blocking<.

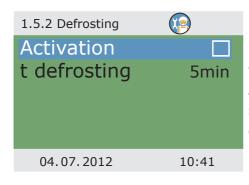


The pumps can be moved daily to prevent them from getting blocked.

This function is not activated as long as the pumps are activated in normal operation.

Determine the time of the day and the operating period.

Continue with >Collector defrost.<.



>Defrosting< can be used to heat frozen collectors.

At the same time, the tank is cooled! Set the pump runtime.

Continue with >Antifreeze protect.<.

Activation and setting of the anti-freeze protective function for the collector.

Via >T ON<, enter the anti-freeze protection temperature for water-filled plants.

When anti-freeze products are used, the type and the proportion can be entered; the anti-freeze protection temperature is calculated automatically.

Continue to scroll.

1.5.3 Antifreeze pr	
Activation	
T ref	5.0°C
TON	5.0°C
Glycol type	
	Water▼
04.07.2012	10:42

In the case of plants with two tanks, the source of the anti-freeze protection heat must be selected by specifying >Priority tank< or >Secondary tank<.

Continue with >Anti-legionellae<.

1.5.3 Antifreeze	pr. 😰
TON	5.0°C [♠]
Glycol type	9
	Water
Tank	
	Priority tank
04.07.2012	10:42

These parameters must be set by the fitter based on the applicable national regulations. >Function< is used to define the period in days (1day - 7days) during which legionella reduction must have occurred at least once.

- >t-ON< is used to define the time of a possibly required reheating cycle.
- >T legionellae< defines the disinfection temperature. >t monitor<< is used to define the minimum disinfection time.

Continue with >Tank cooling<.

1.5.4 Anti-legionellae	
Repetition	1 day
T legionellae	60.0°C
t-ON	01:00
t-monitor	60min
Activation	
04.07.2012	10:43

1.5.5 Cooling funct.	
Activation	
Hyst.tank 1	2.0K
Hyst.tank 2	2.0K
t-ON	00:00
t OFF	07:00▼
04.07.2012	10:43

Here, the parameters for tank cooling are defined.

>t-ON< and >t-OFF< are used to define the appropriate time slot in which the tank is to be cooled via the collector, and >Hyst.tank 1< and >Hyst.tank 2< are used to define the switch-ON hysteresis.

Continue to scroll.

1.5.5 Cooling funct.	
Hyst.tank 1	2.0K [♠]
Hyst.tank 2	2.0K
t-ON	00:00
t OFF	07:00
Adjusting bala	nce 🔲
04.07.2012	10:43

If the adjusting balance is activated, the heat dissipated via the collector is deducted from the energy balance calculation.

Continue with >Soft charge<.

1.5.6 Soft charge	
Activation	
T min. tank1	45.0°C
T min. tank2	45.0°C
Start	30.05.
End	31.07.
04.07.2012	10:43

Soft charging sets the plant to protection mode to prevent excessively high tank temperatures.

The start temperatures for two tank circuits and the appropriate calendar period are determined here.

Return to >Main menu<.

Continue with >Monitoring<.

The following items appear under >1.6. Monitoring< next to the operation mode menus:

- >DiffTemp<
- >Coll.Emerg.OFF<
- >Sensor balancing<

Call up the menu item >DiffTemp<.

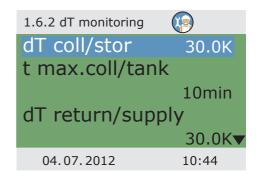
1.6 Monitoring	
Error list	•
DiffTemp	•
Coll.Emerg.OFF	•
Sensor balancing	•
04.07.2012 10:	44

>dT monitoring< is used to define the criteria which lead to fault detection.

>dT coll/stor< is used to define a differential temperature between collector and tank, and >t max.coll/tank< for the relevant period of time.

If >dT coll/stor< is exceeded within >t max. coll/tank<, the controller detects a fault.

Continue to scroll.



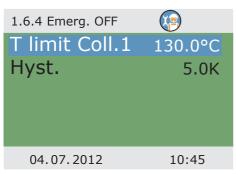
The second fault criterion is defined as follows:

>dT return/supply< is used to define a differential temperature between the return and supply flow, >t max return/supply<, the appropriate period of time.

If >dT return/supply< is exceeded within >t max return/supply<, the controller detects a fault.

Continue with >Coll. Emerg.OFF<.





>T limit Coll. 1< or >T limit Coll. 2< are used to switch OFF the appropriate solar circuit pumps to prevent destruction.

Under >Hyst<, the value is entered by which the limit temperature must be undercut to cancel the forced shut-off.

Continue with >Sensor balancing<.

1.6.5 Sensor balan	
TS1 Offset	0.0°C
TS2 Offset	0.0°C
TS3 Offset	0.0°C
TS4 Offset	0.0°C
04.07.2012	10:46

Long piping and other factors may distort measured variables.

Here, an offset value can be entered for each sensor.

If the professional mode is not exited actively, the controller automatically displays the plant layout after the preset display shut-off time and the value of the access code is reset to 1.

Return to >Main menu<.

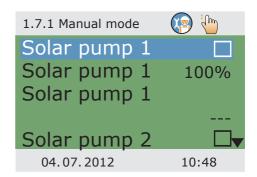
Continue with >Login<.



Continue with >Manual mode<.

In manual mode, the individual outputs can be activated for testing purposes, e. g. to check that a pump is working properly.

Manual mode can only be exited by pressing ESC.



Disassembly/Disposal



Danger!

Mortal danger due to electrocution!
Before opening the terminal cover,
disconnect all poles of the power supply reliably!



For disassembly of the differential temperature controller **Energy Pro**, reverse assembly procedure:

- Disconnect the power supply.
- Open the terminal cover.
- Disconnect all cables.
- Release the wall screw fastening.
- Remove the controller from its mounting location.



Danger!

Mortal danger due to electrocution!
When removing the controller, secure all stripped
cable ends so that they cannot be touched by persons!

Remove cables completely on definite removal.





Important!

The person who or the institute which is responsible for disposal of the device must not discard the controller with the residual waste, but must ensure correct recycling in accordance with the local provisions!

In case of doubt, ask the local disposal company or the authorized dealer from which you have purchased the device.



Warranty and liability

The differential temperature controller **Energy Pro** was developed, manufactured and tested according to stringent quality and safety specifications and corresponds to the state of the art.

The device is subject to the warranty period prescribed by law of 2 years after the date of sale.

The seller shall eliminate all defects in material and workmanship which occur on the product during the warranty period and which impair the product's functionality.

Natural wear and tear does not constitute a defect.

Warranty and liability does not include all damage which is due to one or several of the following reasons:

- Non-compliance with these Assembly and Operating Instructions.
- Inappropriate transport.
- Faulty assembly, commissioning, maintenance or operation.
- Modifications of the structure or tampering with the software of the device.
- Installation of supplementary components which are not approved by the manufacturer.
- Continued use of the controller despite an obvious defect.
- Use of non-approved spare parts and accessories.
- Applications exceeding the intended scope of utilization.
- Inappropriate utilization of the device / improper handling, e. g. ESD.
- Use of the device outside of the admissible technical boundaries.
- Voltage surges, e. g. due to lightning strokes.
- Force majeure.

Further claims based on this warranty obligation, especially compensation for damage exceeding the asset value of the differential temperature controller, are excluded.

Construction, design and project engineering of heating installations are performed by specialist fitters based on the applicable standards and directives.

The functioning and safety of a plant are the exclusive responsibility of the companies commissioned with planning and execution.

Contents and illustrations of this manual have been elaborated to the best of our knowledge and with utmost diligence - we reserve the right of error and technical modifications.

Liability of the manufacturer for inappropriate, incomplete or incorrect information and all damage resulting therefrom is excluded on principle.

Error report

Error pattern/err	or descri	ption:			
Error message:					
iroi message.					
Software version	1:				
Service Wizard executed:		Yes	No		
Screens:	TS1:				
	TS2:				
	TS3:				
	TS4:				
Wiring:	RO1:	Pump	HE	Valve _	
	RO2:	Pump	HE	Valve	
	REL:		Yes	No	
Service hours:	RO1:				
	RO2:				
	REL:				
quipment/Acces	ssories/O	ptions:			



Important!

For repair or replacement of the controller, make sure that completed copies of the commissioning report and of the error report are included!



Commissioning report

Name of operator and place of installation:
Date of commissioning:
Installed hydraulic system:
Collector surface, in total [m²]:
Tank sizes [I]:
Anti-freeze agent Type/concentration:
Particularities:
The solar thermal plant with the differential temperature controller Energy Pro has been installed and commissioned in an expert fashion.
The owner / operator of the plant was informed in detail and instructed as regards the design, operation, handling, especially in connection with the differential temperature controller Energy Pro.
Commissioning by the company (name/address/telephone number):
Name of employee:

EC Declaration of conformity

The manufacturer

Meibes System-Technik GmbH Ringstraße 18 D - 04827 Gerichshain

declares in its sole responsibility that the following product:

Differential temperature controller > Energy Pro<

to which this Declaration refers, complies with the following directives and standards:

Directive 2006/95/EC of the European Parliament and the Council dated 12 December 2006 on the harmonization of the laws of the Member States relating to electrical equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits.

Directive 2004/108/EC of the European Parliament and the Council dated 15 December 2004 on harmonization of the laws of the Member States relating to electro-magnetic compatibility and abolition of the Directive 89/336/EEC.

Directive 2001/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council dated 3 December 2001 regarding general product safety.

Technical regulations, Low-Voltage Directive:

EN 60730-1:2000

Technical Report no. S34163-00-00TJ, S34163-00-01TJ*
Test institute/Laboratory: mikes-testingpartner GmbH, Strasskirchen

Technical regulations, EMC Directive:

EN 60730-1:2000 + A1:2004 + A12:2003 + A13:2004 + A14:2005 (EMC part)

EN 55022:1998 + Corr. 1999 (Class B)

EN 61000-3-2:1995 + corr. July 1997 + A1: 1998 + A2:1998 + A14:2000

EN 61000-3-3:1995 + A1:2001 + A2:2005

Test Report no. E34488-00-00HP*

Test institute/Laboratory: mikes-testingpartner GmbH, Strasskirchen

*The original test reports are available at manufacturer.

D - 04827 Gerichshain, 24.08.2012,

Signed

Robert Sagstetter Managing Director

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